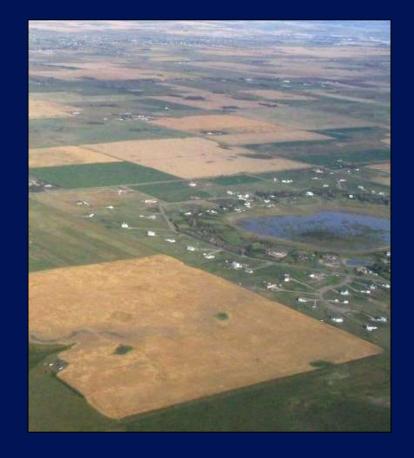
Model Development for Drought-Tolerant Groundwater Management in the Prairies

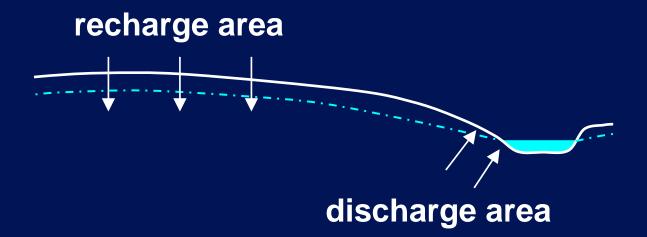
Masaki Hayashi
Dept. of Geoscience, Univ. of Calgary



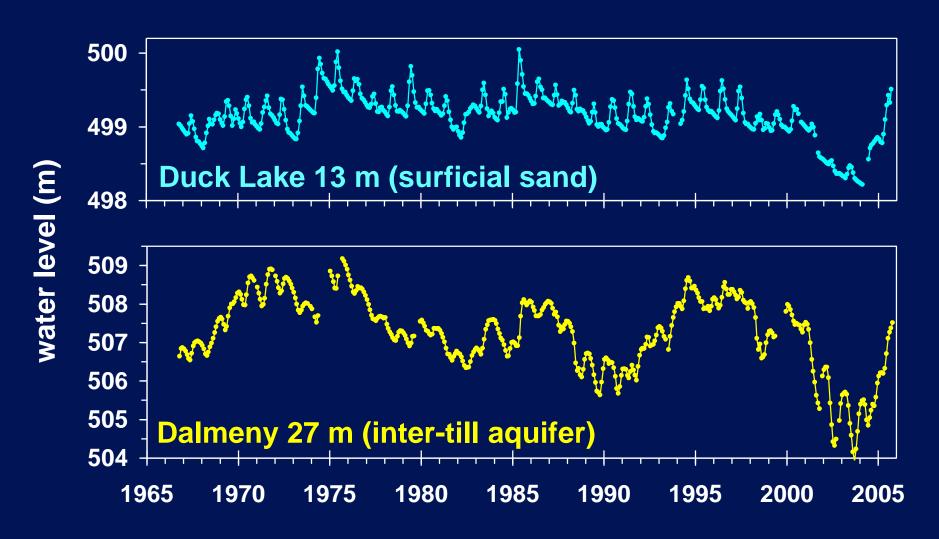


Water Balance: Basis of GW Management

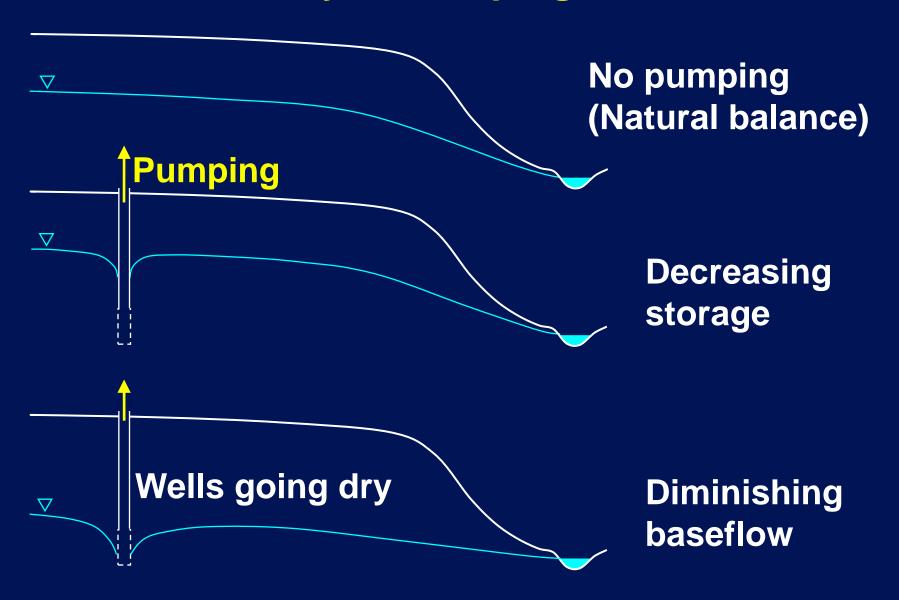
Recharge - Discharge = Storage change (groundwater level ↑↓)



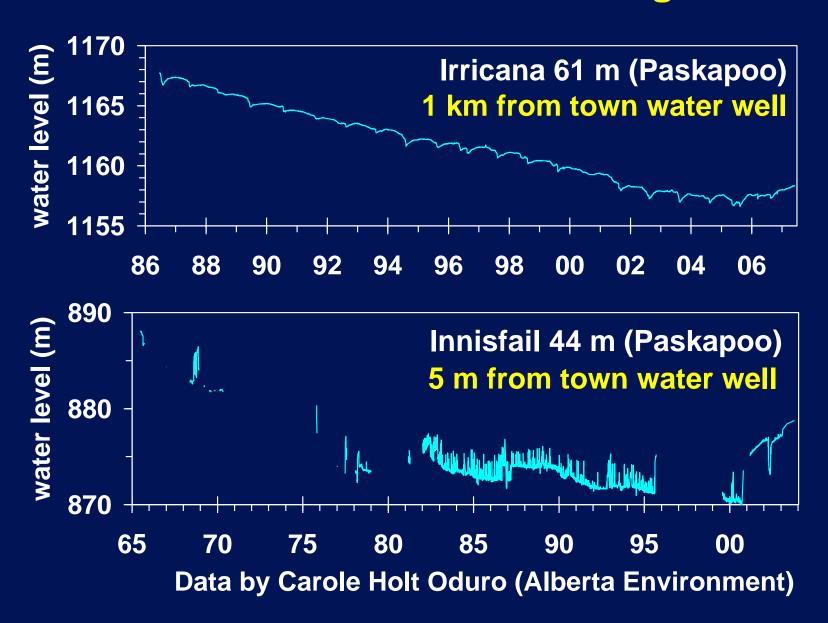
Water Level in Undisturbed Prairie Aquifers Data from Sask. Obs. Well Network



Summary of Pumping Effects

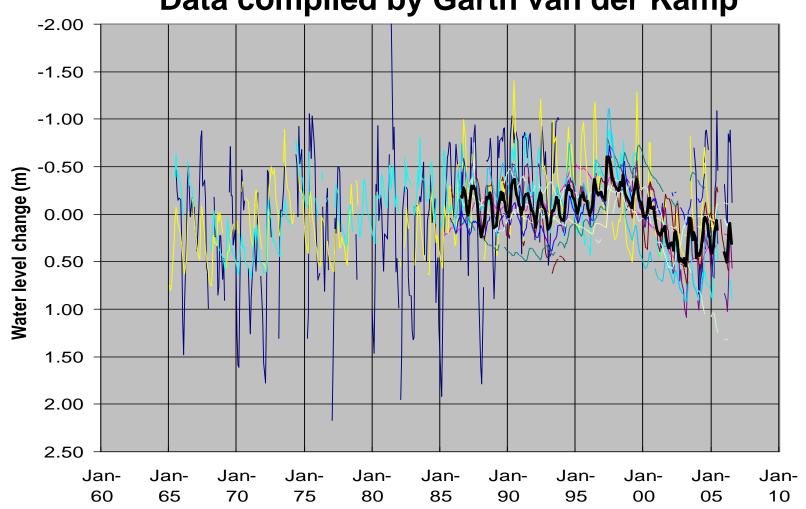


Alberta Environment Monitoring Wells



Shallow observation wells in ABWater level changes during 1965-2006







Groundwater Model Coupled with Soil Water Balance Model

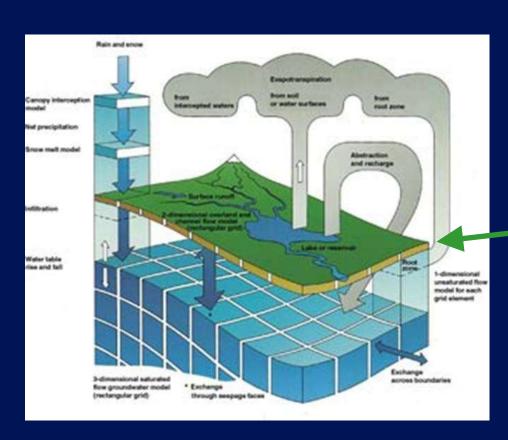
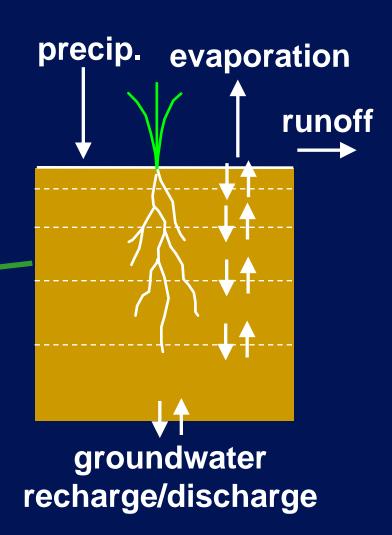


Figure from: www.dhisoftware.com

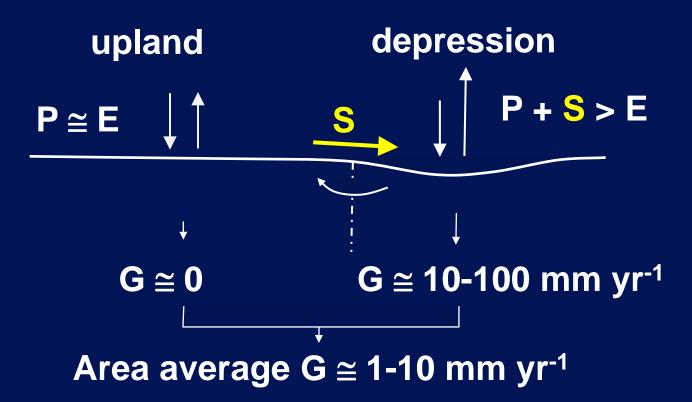


Snowmelt Runoff Fills Depressions West Nose Creek watershed near Calgary



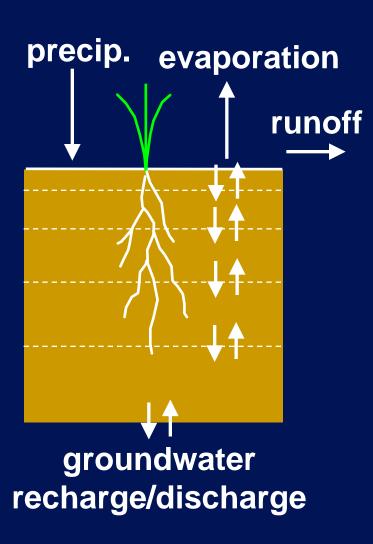
Typical Climate of the Prairies

Precip. (P) = 300-500 mm yr⁻¹ Evaporation (E), potential = 700-800 mm yr⁻¹ Snowmelt (S) \rightarrow additional water input



Versatile Soil Moisture Budget (VSMB)

Used by Alberta Agriculture and Agriculture Canada



- Potential E by Priestley-Taylor
- $E = E_{pot} \times drying function$
- Crop stages by degree-day
- Gravity drainage of soil water to field capacity
- Soil temperature does not consider freezing
- Snowmelt runoff by a simple rational method

Model Testing for Perennial GrassSpy Hill Farm – West Nose Creek watershed

Eddy flux measurement.

Uncertainty estimates based on energy balance.

Current operational VSMB.





Model Testing for Perennial GrassSpy Hill Farm – West Nose Creek watershed

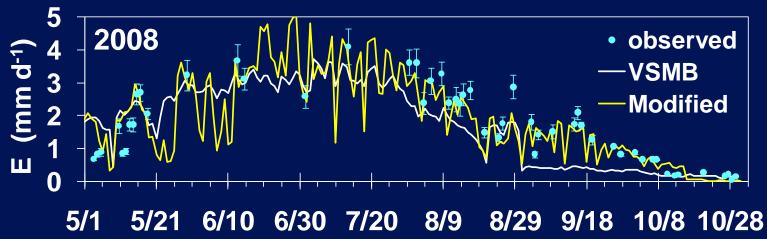
Eddy flux measurement.

Uncertainty estimates based on energy balance.

Current operational VSMB.

Modification: radiation, crop stage, soil depth, etc.



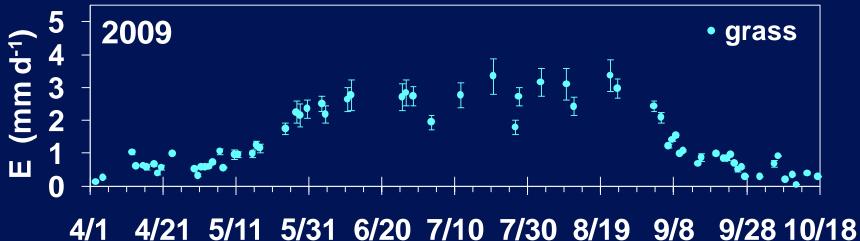


Evaporation Flux: Landuse Comparison

Same instruments, only 10 km away





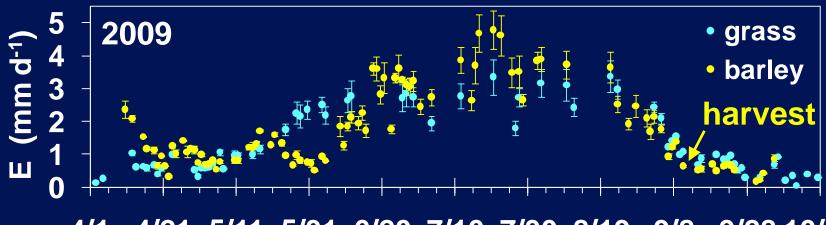


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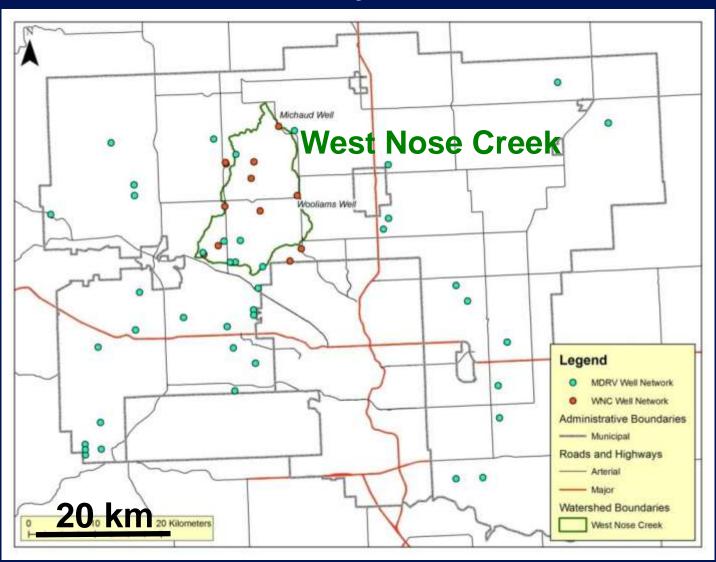




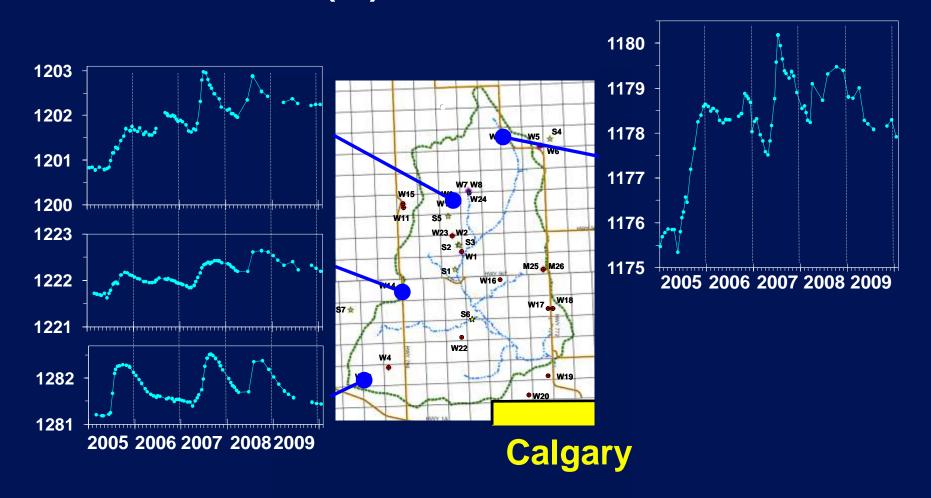


4/1 4/21 5/11 5/31 6/20 7/10 7/30 8/19 9/8 9/28 10/18

MD of Rocky View Monitoring Network Observation by Well Owners



Water Level in Selected Monitoring Wells Jan. 2005 – Jan. 2010 Elevation (m) above mean sea level



Summary

Sustainable groundwater management must be watershed-based; recharge-storage-discharge.

Integrated hydrological model will provide an effective tool, when combined with a high-density monitoring well network.

Acknowledgement

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